**The Original Sea-Monkeys® Support**

We are sure you will love the experience of hatching and growing your Original Sea-Monkeys®. In the rare situation that your Sea-Monkeys® do not hatch we can help you!

———————

**Having trouble seeing your new born baby Sea-Monkeys®? Here are some tips:**

**1. Double check that you followed the directions:** Added packet 1 Water Purifier to 300ml - 355ml of room temperature bottled, distilled, spring or tap water and stirred thoroughly; Waited a minimum of 24 hours before adding packet 2 Instant Life Sea-Monkey® eggs and stirred thoroughly.

**2. Don’t see anything? Don’t give up!** All Sea-Monkey® eggs vary in shell thickness. Those with thinner shells begin hatching immediately and those with thicker shells take longer. This is nature’s way. Different types of water, different temperatures and different light sources will also affect the hatching rate.

**3. Still don’t see your tiny pets?** Shine an LED light into the side of the tank and look very hard. The light will reflect off of the tiny white specks (no bigger than a full stop at the end of this sentence) twitching through the water as they spread their fins and learn to swim. A magnifying glass will also assist you in spotting them when they are freshly hatched and extremely small. Keep checking daily looking closely. Your Sea-Monkey® pets may continue to hatch over a three week period as they wiggle their way through their shell casings.

**4. Once you spot them** and know what you’re looking for, your pet Sea-Monkeys® will be much easier to see going forward. They will also continue to grow with time — from tiny babies to adolescent children and finally to full grown adult Sea-Monkey® parents.

**5. Enjoy and congratulations!** You have just created instant life. These little aquatic souls are now your responsibility to love and care for. They are counting on you!

**6. After three weeks** and still no sign of your hatched pet Sea-Monkeys® then please contact us again at … support@bandaistore.co.uk and send your address and we will happily send you replacements to start over fresh.

———————

**Sea-Monkeys® Day to Day Care:**

**Water temperature:** It is vital that you refer to the temperature chart on the instruction leaflet, the colder the water the longer it will take for your Sea-Monkeys® eggs to hatch. The ideal temperature for the fastest hatching and ideal growth conditions is between 24 and 27 degree Celsius.

**Healthy light:** Place your tank near a window so that it gets indirect sunlight, but do not place it directly in the sun. This will help algae to grow which the Sea-Monkeys® love to eat.

**Evaporation:** If you notice the water level decreasing in your tank, refill with bottled drinking water which is at the same temperature as the tank water. While the water evaporates, the salt content will not evaporate. Simply adding water will bring it back to the ideal salt level perfect for your pet Sea-Monkeys®.

**Feeding & Nutrition:** In the beginning feed your Sea-Monkey® pets once a week with one level scoop of Sea-Monkey® Growth Food. If the water becomes cloudy you have over fed. Stop feeding until the water clears up. As green algae grows in their tank, they will feast on that as well and you can decrease the amount of food you feed them.

**For more information:** Refer to your “Official Sea-Monkey® Handbook” or visit us online at [www.sea-monkeys.com](http://www.sea-monkeys.com/).

------------

**Sea-Monkeys® Healthy and Sick Tanks:**

If your water gets a greenish tint to it, that is a sign that your Sea-Monkeys® have enough food and you should stop feeding them for a while. The green colour is caused by algae beginning to grow in their tank. This is a good thing! Sea-Monkeys® love dining on algae. It’s their natural food source and it will help them grow big and strong.

If you should see white lumps at the bottom of your tank, this could be a sign that your tank is not “feeling well.” The easiest way to remove the white lumps is to gently pour most of the contents from your tank into another clean container. When the water level is low, scoop out the white lumps from the tank’s bottom using a clean plastic spoon. Then pour the contents back into your original container. Algae and other sediments will collect at the tank’s bottom. This is a natural part of their eco-system. Only white lumps are cause for concern.

This process will not harm your Sea-Monkeys® — in fact they will enjoy the ride. It is also a good way to aerate their water providing extra oxygen to keep them healthy. You can do this once or twice a week by simply pouring the contents from one container to another a few times